

B.Sc. Semester - 1 (CBCS) Examination
Oct/Nov. -2019 (OLD COURSE)
CHEMISTRY (CORE)

Time: 2:30 Hours

Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. Figures to the right indicate marks.
-

Q. 1 (a) Answer the following question. (4)

- (1) Which elements have maximum electronegativity in the periodic table?
- (2) Give the name of allotrope of carbon.
- (3) Define Polarizing power.
- (4) Which force is responsible for physical adsorption?

(b) Answer any one question. (2)

- (1) Why the ionization energy of Be is greater than Li? Give reason.
- (2) Explain diagonal relationship.

(c) Answer any one question. (3)

- (1) Give difference between Chemical adsorption and Physical adsorption.
- (2) The internuclear distance of NaF is $2.31 \text{ \AA}$ and the screening constant is 4.5.
calculate r^+ (Na^+) and r^- (F^-) using Pauling's method. (Atomic number of Na =11 and F =9).

(d) Answer any one question (5)

- (1) Explain Inertpair effect.
- (2) Derive Freundlich Equation and its limitation.

Q. 2 (a) Answer the following question. (4)

- (1) Define Covalent bond
- (2) Give shape and bond angle of BF_3
- (3) Draw the structure showing hybridization in SO_4^{2-} .
- (4) Give electronic configuration according to MO theory of N_2 .

(b) Answer any one question. (2)

- (1) Explain CO_2 molecule is linear in shape and SO_2 molecule is angular
- (2) Give Limitation of valence bond theory.

(c) Answer any one question. (3)

- (1) Give differences between BMO and ABMO
- (2) Explain sigma and pi molecular orbitals.

(d) Answer any one question. (5)

- (1) Draw the energy level diagram of NO molecule and calculate bond order, Bond length and magnetic property.
- (2) Explain sp hybridization and sp^2 hybridization with examples

Q. 3 (a) Answer the following questions. (4)

- (1) Write four functional groups which shows +M effect.
- (2) Explain Ambident nucleophile.
- (3) Write alkyl halides in decreasing order of their bond length.
- (4) Define geometrical isomers.

- (b) Answer any one question. (2)**
 (1) Explain reactivity of 1°, 2°, 3° alkyl halide using inductive effect.
 (2) Explain structure of free radical.
- (c) Answer any one question. (3)**
 (1) Discuss Mesomeric effect with suitable example.
 (2) Give three preparation of (i) Carbocations (ii) carbene (iii) benzyne.
- (d) Answer any one question. (5)**
 (1) Explain SN¹ reaction in detail.
 (2) Discuss stability of carbocation in details.
- Q. 4 (a) Answer the following questions. (4)**
 (1) What is organic chemistry?
 (2) Give Markovnikov's rule.
 (3) Define: Autocatalyst
 (4) Give only name of elimination reaction according to mechanism
- (b) Answer any one question. (2)**
 (1) Give Wurtz-Fittig reaction for alkane synthesis.
 (2) What is function of catalytic promoters and inhibitors in chemical reactions?
- (c) Answer any one question. (3)**
 (1) Explain Syn and anti-hydroxylation (Oxidation) of alkene.
 (2) Describe nucleophilic addition reaction of alkynes.
- (d) Answer any one question. (5)**
 (1) Give difference between E1 and E2 reaction.
 (2) Discuss Enzyme catalyst in detail.
- Q. 5 (a) Answer the following question. (4)**
 (1) Give unit of rate constant for second order reaction.
 (2) Define: Rate law.
 (3) Give any two examples of zero order reaction.
 (4) Define: Activation energy.
- (b) Answer any one question. (2)**
 (1) Derive following equation for first order reaction $t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k}$
 (2) The rate constant for a reaction of zero order in A is 0.0030 mol L⁻¹s⁻¹. How long will it take for the initial concentration of A to fall from 0.10 M to 0.075 M
- (c) Answer any one question. (3)**
 (1) Give the Difference between Order of reaction and Molecularity
 (2) Explain: Ostwald isolation method for determination of order of reaction.
- (d) Answer any one question. (5)**
 (1) Give characteristics of second order reaction
 (2) Explain: Influence of temperature on reaction rates or Arrhenius equation
